

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
Surname										
Other Names										
Candidate Signature										

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
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7	
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9	
TOTAL	



General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level Examination
June 2011

Mathematics

MM2B

Unit Mechanics 2B

Monday 20 June 2011 9.00 am to 10.30 am

For this paper you must have:

- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed

- 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
- The **final** answer to questions requiring the use of calculators should be given to three significant figures, unless stated otherwise.
- Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, unless stated otherwise.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.



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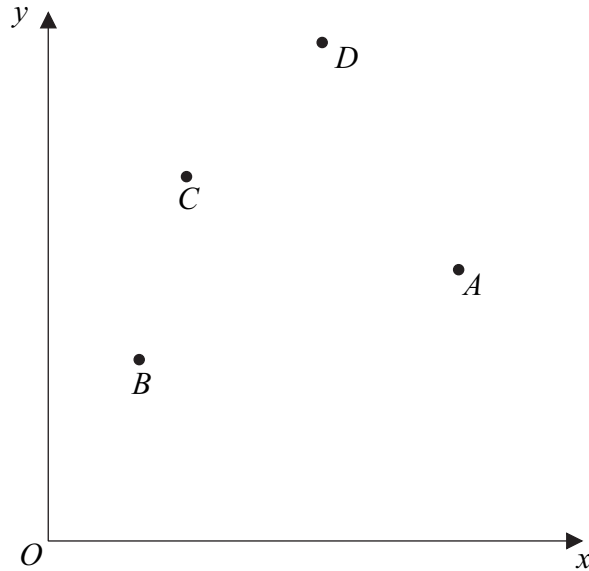
The diagram shows four particles, A , B , C and D , which are fixed in a horizontal plane which contains the x - and y -axes, as shown.

Particle A has mass 2 kg and is attached at the point $(9, 6)$.

Particle B has mass 3 kg and is attached at the point $(2, 4)$.

Particle C has mass 8 kg and is attached at the point $(3, 8)$.

Particle D has mass 7 kg and is attached at the point $(6, 11)$.



Find the coordinates of the centre of mass of the four particles.

(5 marks)

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE

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- 3** A particle moves in a horizontal plane under the action of a single force, \mathbf{F} newtons. The unit vectors \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are directed east and north respectively. At time t seconds, the velocity of the particle, $\mathbf{v} \text{ m s}^{-1}$, is given by

$$\mathbf{v} = 4e^{-2t}\mathbf{i} + (6t - 3t^2)\mathbf{j}$$

- (a) Find an expression for the acceleration of the particle at time t . (3 marks)
- (b) The mass of the particle is 5 kg.
- (i) Find an expression for the force \mathbf{F} acting on the particle at time t . (2 marks)
- (ii) Find the magnitude of \mathbf{F} when $t = 0$. (2 marks)
- (c) Find the value of t when \mathbf{F} acts due west. (2 marks)
- (d) When $t = 0$, the particle is at the point with position vector $(6\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}) \text{ m}$.
Find the position vector, \mathbf{r} metres, of the particle at time t . (5 marks)

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE



5 A train consists of an engine and five carriages. A constant resistance force of 3000 N acts on the engine, and a constant resistance force of 400 N acts on each of the five carriages.

The maximum speed of the train on a horizontal track is 90 km h^{-1} .

(a) Show that this speed is 25 m s^{-1} . *(1 mark)*

(b) Hence find the maximum power output of the engine. Give your answer in kilowatts. *(3 marks)*

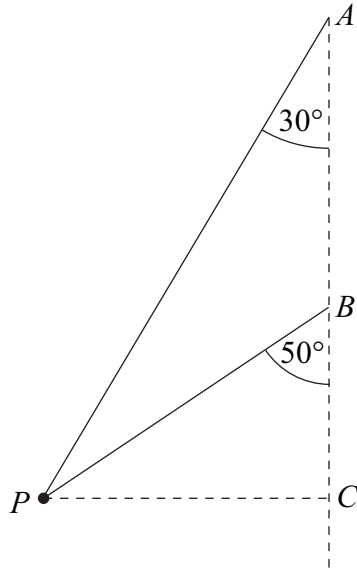
QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE



- 7** Two light inextensible strings each have one end attached to a particle, P , of mass 4 kg. The other ends of the strings are attached to the fixed points A and B . The point A is vertically above the point B .

The particle moves at a constant speed in a horizontal circle. The centre, C , of this circle is directly below the point B . The two strings are inclined at 30° and 50° to the vertical, as shown in the diagram. Both strings are taut.

As the particle moves in the horizontal circle, the tension in the string BP is 20 N.



- (a)** Find the tension in the string AP . (4 marks)

- (b)** The speed of the particle is 5 m s^{-1} .

Find the length of CP , the radius of the horizontal circle. (4 marks)

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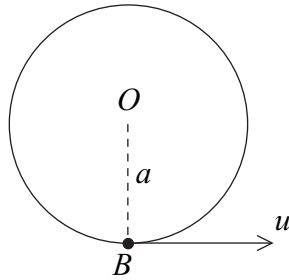
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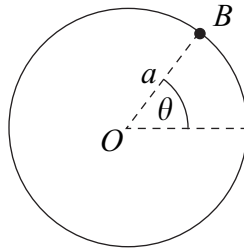
A smooth wire is fixed in a vertical plane so that it forms a circle of radius a metres and centre O . A bead, B , of mass 0.3 kg, is threaded on the wire and is set in motion with a speed u m s⁻¹ at the lowest point of its circular path, as shown in the diagram.



- (a) Show that, if the bead is going to make complete revolutions around the wire,

$$u > 2\sqrt{ag} \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) At time t seconds, the angle between OB and the horizontal is θ , as shown in the diagram.



It is given that $u = \sqrt{\frac{9}{2}ag}$.

- (i) Find the reaction of the bead on the wire, giving your answer in terms of g and θ .

(5 marks)

- (ii) Find θ when this reaction is zero.

(2 marks)

QUESTION
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QUESTION
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REFERENCE

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END OF QUESTIONS

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